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Kazuaki Taira

# Functional Analytic Techniques for Diffusion Processes



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#### Kazuaki Taira

# Functional Analytic Techniques for Diffusion Processes



Kazuaki Taira Tsuchiura, Japan

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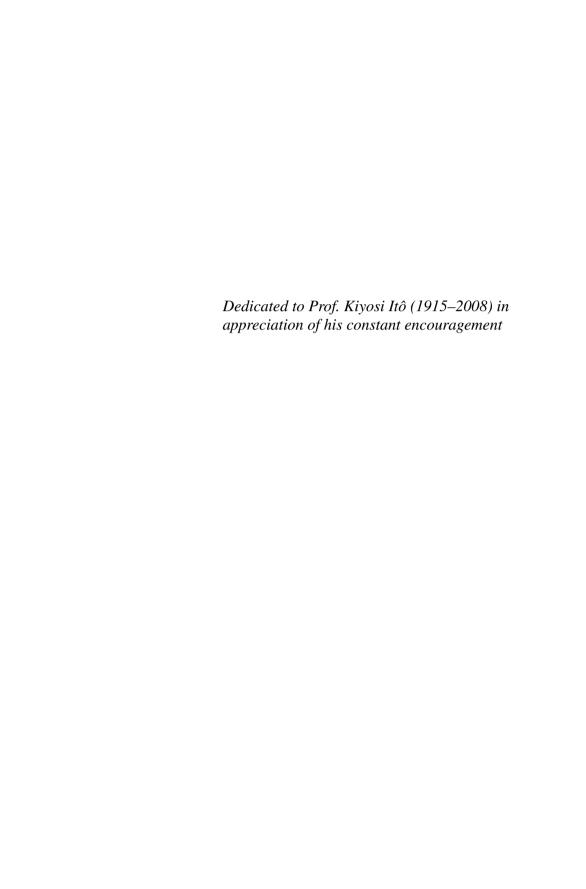
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#### **Foreword**

There are dozens of books about Markov processes, some of them very good, but none match the depth and broad coverage of Kazuaki Taira's books. Let me try to put this into context.

Sometimes a massive study is done and leads to a major volume or volumes that redefine a field of study. For instance, the three-volume work of Nelson Dunford and Jack Schwartz did this for abstract mathematical analysis. The famed Charles Misner, Kip Thorne and John Wheeler book did this for general relativity.

Taira's work does this for Markov processes from a broad perspective. A simple view of Markov processes is that they deal with classes of dependent random variables that have both a nice theory and useful applications. But the general theory of Markov processes turns out to be extremely complicated. It is essential for applications to fields including mathematical biology, ecology, diffusion, statistical physics, etc. The mathematics needed for the hard parts of Markov processes require up-to-date versions of functional analysis, probability theory, partial and pseudo-differential equations, differential geometry, Fourier analysis, and more.

Taira's books bring these topics all together. They are not easy to explain in their general forms, but Taira does this carefully and quite nicely. These topics are usually hard to follow, but Taira explains things in a more easily readable way than one normally expects. The scope of his work is vast; it has been and continues to be a major influence in stochastic analysis and related fields.

This book is a revised and expanded edition of the previous book [191] published in 1988. But is a new edition needed? In June 2019, Taira and I were both at a meeting in Cesena, Italy. His lecture was wonderful; it was on new, deep results. The topics he covered are among the new results in his new edition. In particular, the new material on the theory of pseudo-differential operators widens the scope of the book (which has a huge scope to begin with). This is nicely explained in Chap. 1 (Introduction and Summary) and Chap. 13 ( $L^2$  Approach to the Construction of Feller Semigroups) of this edition.

viii Foreword

This wonderful book will be a major influence in a very broad field of study for a long time. I thank both Taira and Springer for their great contribution to the mathematical research community in publishing this book.

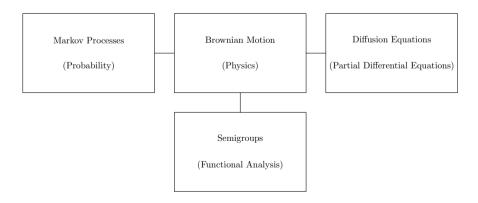
November 2021

Jerome Arthur Goldstein University of Memphis Memphis, Tennessee, USA

#### **Preface**

This book is devoted to the functional analytic approach to the problem of construction of diffusion processes in probability theory. It is well known that, by virtue of the Hille–Yosida theory of semigroups, the problem of construction of Markov processes can be reduced to the study of boundary value problems for degenerate elliptic integro-differential operators of second order. Several recent developments in the theory of partial differential equations have made possible further progress in the study of boundary value problems and hence of the problem of construction of Markov processes. The presentation of these new results is the main purpose of the present book. Unlike many other books on Markov processes, this book focuses on the relationship between Markov processes and elliptic boundary value problems with emphasis on the study of maximum principles. Our approach here is distinguished by the extensive use of the theory of partial differential equations.

Our functional analytic approach to diffusion processes is inspired by the following bird's-eye view of mathematical studies of Brownian motion (see Tables 1.1, 1.2 ans Figure 1.1 in Chap. 1):



x Preface

This book grew out of lecture notes for graduate courses given by the author at Sophia University, Waseda University, Hokkaido University, Tôhoku University, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Hiroshima University and University of Tsukuba. It is addressed to advanced undergraduates, graduate students and mathematicians with interest in probability, functional analysis and partial differential equations.

This book may be considered as the second edition of the book [191] published in 1988, which was found useful by a number of people, but it went out of print after several years. This augmented edition has been revised to streamline some of the analysis and to give better coverage of important examples and applications. I have endeavored to present it in such a way as to make it accessible to undergraduates as well. Moreover, in order to make the book more up-to-date, additional references have been included in the bibliography. This book is amply illustrated; 14 tables and 141 figures are provided.

The contents of the book are divided into five principal parts.

- (1) The first part (Chaps. 2 through 6) provides the elements of the Lebesgue theory of measure and integration, probability theory, manifold theory, functional analysis and distribution theory which are used throughout the book. The material in these preparatory chapters is given for completeness, to minimize the necessity of consulting too many outside references. This makes the book fairly self-contained.
- (2) In the second part (Chaps. 7–9), the basic definitions and results about Sobolev spaces are summarized and the calculus of pseudo-differential operators—a modern version of classical potentials—is developed. The theory of pseudo-differential operators forms a most convenient tool in the study of elliptic boundary value problems in Chap. 11. It should be emphasized that pseudo-differential operators provide a constructive tool to deal with existence and smoothness of solutions of partial differential equations. The full power of this very refined theory is yet to be exploited. Our approach is not far removed from the classical potential approach.
- (3) Our subject proper starts with the third part (Chap. 10), where various maximum principles for degenerate elliptic differential operators of second order are studied. In particular, the underlying analytical mechanism of propagation of maxima is revealed here. This plays an important role in the interpretation and study of Markov processes in terms of partial differential equations in Chap. 12.
- (4) The fourth part (Chap. 11) is devoted to general boundary value problems for second order elliptic differential operators. The basic questions of existence, uniqueness and regularity of solutions of general boundary value problems with a spectral parameter are studied in the framework of Sobolev spaces, using the calculus of pseudo-differential operators. A fundamental existence and uniqueness theorem is proved here. The importance of such a theorem is visible in constructing Markov processes in Chaps. 12 and 13.

Preface xi

(5) The fifth and final part (Chaps. 12 and 13) is devoted to the functional analytic approach to the problem of construction of Markov processes. This part is the heart of the subject. General existence theorems for Markov processes in terms of boundary value problems are proved in Chap. 12, and then the construction of Markov processes is carried out in Chap. 13, by solving general boundary value problems with a spectral parameter.

To make the material in Chaps. 10 through 13 accessible to a broad spectrum of readers, I have added an *Introduction and Summary* (Chap. 1). In this introductory chapter, I have included ten elementary (but important) examples of diffusion processes, and further I have attempted to state our problems and results in such a fashion that a broad spectrum of readers could understand, and also to describe how these problems can be solved, using the mathematics I present in Chaps. 2 through 9.

In the last Chap. 14, as concluding remarks, we give an overview on generation theorems for Feller semigroups proved by the author using the  $L^p$  theory of pseudo-differential operators and the Calderón–Zygmund theory of singular integral operators (Table 14.1).

Bibliographical references are discussed primarily in notes at the end of the chapters. These notes are intended to supplement the text and place it in better perspective.

In Appendix A, following Gilbarg–Trudinger [74], we present a brief introduction to the *potential theoretic approach* to the Dirichlet problem for Poisson's equation. The approach here can be traced back to the pioneering work of Schauder, [158] and [159], on the Dirichlet problem for second order elliptic differential operators. This appendix is included for the sake of completeness.

This book may be considered as an elementary introduction to the more advanced book *Boundary Value Problems and Markov Processes* (the third edition) which was published in the Lecture Notes in Mathematics series in 2020. In fact, we confined ourselves to the case when the differential operator A is elliptic on  $\bar{D}$ . The reason is that when A is not elliptic on  $\bar{D}$  we do not know whether the operator  $T(\alpha) = LP(\alpha)$ , which plays a fundamental role in the proof, is a pseudo-differential operator or not. This book provides a powerful method for the analysis of elliptic boundary value problems in the framework of  $L^2$  Sobolev spaces.

For advanced undergraduates working in functional analysis, partial differential equations and probability, this book may serve as an effective introduction to these three interrelated fields of analysis. For beginning graduate students about to major in the subject and mathematicians in the field looking for a coherent overview, I hope that the readers will find this book a useful entrée to the subject.

The presentation on some results of this book was given in "Mathematisch-Physikalisches Kolloquium" which was held on November 3rd, 2015 at Leibniz Universität Hannover (Germany) while I was on leave from Waseda University. I take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to these institutions.

In preparing this book, I am indebted to many friends, colleagues and students. It is my great pleasure to thank all of them. In particular, I would like to express my hearty

reface Preface

thanks to Kenji Asada, Sunao Ōuchi, Bernard Helffer, Jacques Camus, Charles Rockland, Junjiro Noguchi, Yuji Kasahara, Masao Tanikawa, Yasushi Ishikawa, Elmar Schrohe, Seiichiro Wakabayashi, Silvia Romanelli and Angelo Favini. Kasahara, Tanikawa and Wakabayashi helped me to learn the material that was presented in the previous book [191]. Schrohe and Ishikawa have read and commented on portions of various preliminary drafts. I am deeply indebted to Professors Kôichi Uchiyama, Jean-Michel Bony, Minoru Motoo, Tadashi Ueno, Shinzo Watanabe, Francesco Altomare and Jerome Arthur Goldstein for their constant interest in my work. I am grateful to my students—especially Hideo Deguchi, Nobuyuki Sugino, Takayasu Ito and Yusuke Yoshida—for many comments and corrigenda concerning my original lecture notes.

Furthermore, I am very happy to acknowledge the influence of two of my teachers: Prof. Daisuke Fujiwara, from whose lectures I first learned this subject, and Prof. Hikosaburo Komatsu, who has done much to shape my viewpoint of analysis.

I would like to extend my warmest thanks to the late Prof. Richard Ernest Bellman (1920–1984) who originally suggested that my work be published in book form.

I am sincerely grateful to the four anonymous referees and a copyeditor for their many valuable suggestions and comments, which have substantially improved the presentation of this book. I would like to extend my hearty thanks to the staff of Springer-Verlag (Tokyo), who have generously complied with all my wishes.

Last but not least, I owe a great debt of gratitude to my family, who gave me moral support during the preparation of this book.

Tsuchiura, Ibaraki, Japan November 2021 Kazuaki Taira

## **Contents**

1	Intro	duction and Summary
	1.1	Markov Processes and Semigroups
		1.1.1 Brownian Motion
		1.1.2 Markov Processes
		1.1.3 Transition Functions
		1.1.4 Kolmogorov's Equations
		1.1.5 Feller Semigroups
		1.1.6 Path Functions of Markov Processes
		1.1.7 Strong Markov Processes
		1.1.8 Infinitesimal Generators of Feller Semigroups 17
		1.1.9 One-Dimensional Diffusion Processes
		1.1.10 Multidimensional Diffusion Processes
	1.2	Propagation of Maxima
	1.3	Construction of Feller Semigroups
	1.4	Notes and Comments
Par 2		oundations of Modern Analysis  Topology and Measures
_	2.1	Sets 43
	2.2	Mappings
	2.3	Topological Spaces 44
	2.4	Compactness
	2.5	Connectedness 47
	2.6	Metric Spaces
	2.7	Baire's Category
	2.8	Continuous Mappings
	2.9	Linear Spaces
	2.10	Linear Topological Spaces
		2.10.1 The Ascoli–Arzelà Theorem

xiv Contents

	2.11	Factor Spaces	52
	2.12	Algebras and Modules	52
	2.13	Linear Operators	53
	2.14	Measurable Spaces	54
	2.15	Measurable Functions	56
	2.16	Measures	57
		2.16.1 Lebesgue Measures	57
		2.16.2 Signed Measures	58
		2.16.3 Borel Measures and Radon Measures	58
		2.16.4 Product Measures	59
		2.16.5 Direct Image of Measures	59
	2.17	Integrals	60
	2.18	The Radon–Nikodým Theorem	62
	2.19	Fubini's Theorem	70
	2.20	Notes and Comments	76
3		ort Course in Probability Theory	77
	3.1	Measurable Spaces and Functions	77
		3.1.1 The Monotone Class Theorem	78
		3.1.2 The Approximation Theorem	80
		3.1.3 Measurability of Functions	83
	3.2	Probability Spaces	87
	3.3	Random Variables and Expectations	89
	3.4	Independence	102
		3.4.1 Independent Events	102
		3.4.2 Independent Random Variables	103
		3.4.3 Independent Algebras	105
	3.5	Construction of Random Processes with Finite	
		Dimensional Distribution	111
	3.6	Conditional Probabilities	113
	3.7	Conditional Expectations	127
	3.8	Notes and Comments	140
4	Mani	ifolds, Tensors and Densities	141
•	4.1	Manifolds	141
		4.1.1 Topology on Manifolds	142
		4.1.2 Submanifolds	143
	4.2	Smooth Mappings	143
	2	4.2.1 Partitions of Unity	144
	4.3	Tangent Bundles	145
	4.4	Vector Fields	147
	4.5	Vector Fields and Integral Curves	151
	4.6	Cotangent Bundles	154
	4.0	Tensors	155
	T. /	12/10/20	

Contents xv

	4.8	Tansar Fields	157
	4.9	Tensor Fields Exterior Product	157
	4.10	Differential Forms	162
	4.10		164
	4.11	Vector Bundles	
		Densities	166
	4.13	Integration on Manifolds	170
	4.14	Manifolds with Boundary and the Double of a Manifold	172
	4.15	Stokes's Theorem, Divergence Theorem and Green's	175
	1.16	Identities	175
	4.16	Notes and Comments	177
5	A Sh	ort Course in Functional Analysis	179
	5.1	Metric Spaces and the Contraction Mapping Principle	179
	5.2	Linear Operators and Functionals	181
	5.3	Quasinormed Linear Spaces	182
		5.3.1 Compact Sets	184
		5.3.2 Bounded Sets	185
		5.3.3 Continuity of Linear Operators	186
		5.3.4 Topologies of Linear Operators	187
		5.3.5 The Banach–Steinhaus Theorem	187
		5.3.6 Product Spaces	188
	5.4	Normed Linear Spaces	188
		5.4.1 Linear Operators on Normed Spaces	190
		5.4.2 Method of Continuity	192
		5.4.3 Finite Dimensional Spaces	194
		5.4.4 The Hahn–Banach Extension Theorem	195
		5.4.5 Dual Spaces	197
		5.4.6 Annihilators	198
		5.4.7 Dual Spaces of Normed Factor Spaces	198
		5.4.8 Bidual Spaces	199
		5.4.9 Weak Convergence	199
		5.4.10 Weak* Convergence	201
		5.4.11 Dual Operators	201
		5.4.12 Adjoint Operators	202
	5.5	Linear Functionals and Measures	204
		5.5.1 The Space of Continuous Functions	204
		5.5.2 The Space of Signed Measures	205
		5.5.3 The Riesz–Markov Representation Theorem	206
		5.5.4 Weak Convergence of Measures	207
	5.6	Closed Operators	208
	5.7	Complemented Subspaces	210
	5.8	Compact Operators	211
	5.9	The Riesz–Schauder Theory	212
	5.10	Fredholm Operators	

xvi Contents

	5.11	Hilbert S	paces	218
			Orthogonality	220
			The Closest-Point Theorem and Applications	220
			Orthonormal Sets	223
			Adjoint Operators	224
	5.12		ert–Schmidt Theory	225
	5.13		d Comments	227
6	A Sh	ort Cours	e in Semigroup Theory	229
·	6.1		Space Valued Functions	229
	6.2		Valued Functions	231
	6.3	-	tial Functions	233
	6.4		ion Semigroups	235
	0.1		The Hille–Yosida Theory of Contraction	200
			Semigroups	235
			The Contraction Semigroup Associated	233
			with the Heat Kernel	248
	6.5		nigroups	255
	0.5		Semigroups and Their Infinitesimal Generators	255
			Infinitesimal Generators and Their Resolvents	262
			The Hille–Yosida Theorem	269
			The Time-Tosida Theorem $(C_0)$ Semigroups and Initial-Value Problems	276
	6.6		d Comments	280
	0.0	1 votes and	d Comments	200
Pa	rt II	Elements o	of Partial Differential Equations	
7	Distr	ibutions, (	Operators and Kernels	283
	7.1			284
		7.1.1		
			Points in Euclidean Spaces	284
	7.2	7.1.2	Points in Euclidean Spaces	284 284
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function	Points in Euclidean Spaces	284 284 285
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces	284 284 285 285
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions	284 284 285 285 286
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 I 7.2.2 G 7.2.3 S	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions	284 284 285 285 286 287
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.4	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions	284 284 285 285 286 287 290
	7.2	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 5.2.4 5.2.5 I	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 290
		7.1.2 If Function 7.2.1 If 7.2.2 If 7.2.3 If 7.2.4 If 7.2.5 If 7.2.6 If 7.2.6 If Function 7.2.6 If Fun	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 290
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 0 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 I Different	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 290 292 294
		7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 0 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 I Different Distribution	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators  ions and the Fourier Transform	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 292 294 294
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 0 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 Different Distributi 7.4.1 I	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers tial Operators ions and the Fourier Transform  Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 292 294 294 294
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 0 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 1 Different Distributi 7.4.1 1 7.4.2 7	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations Spaces $L^p \text{ Spaces}$ Convolutions Spaces of $C^k$ Functions Space of Test Functions Hölder Spaces Friedrichs' Mollifiers tial Operators ions and the Fourier Transform Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions Topologies on $\mathcal{D}'(\Omega)$	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 292 294 294 294 300
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 0 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 I Different Distributi 7.4.1 1 7.4.2 7	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators ions and the Fourier Transform  Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions  Topologies on $\mathcal{D}'(\Omega)$ Support of a Distribution	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 292 294 294 294 300 301
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.3 5 7.2.4 5 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 1 Different Distributi 7.4.1 1 7.4.2 7 7.4.3 5 7.4.4 1	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators ions and the Fourier Transform  Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions  Topologies on $\mathcal{D}'(\Omega)$ Support of a Distribution  Dual Space of $C^{\infty}(\Omega)$	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 290 292 294 294 300 301 302
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 6 7.2.3 5 7.2.6 I Different Distributi 7.4.1 I 7.4.2 7.4.3 5 7.4.4 I 7.4.5	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators  ions and the Fourier Transform  Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions  Topologies on $\mathcal{D}'(\Omega)$ Support of a Distribution  Dual Space of $C^{\infty}(\Omega)$ Tensor Product of Distributions	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 292 294 294 300 301 302 303
	7.3	7.1.2 I Function 7.2.1 7.2.2 6 7.2.3 7.2.4 8 7.2.5 1 7.2.6 Different Distributi 7.4.1 1 7.4.2 7 7.4.3 8 7.4.4 1 7.4.5 7 7.4.6 6	Points in Euclidean Spaces  Multi-Indices and Derivations  Spaces $L^p$ Spaces  Convolutions  Spaces of $C^k$ Functions  Space of Test Functions  Hölder Spaces  Friedrichs' Mollifiers  tial Operators ions and the Fourier Transform  Definitions and Basic Properties of Distributions  Topologies on $\mathcal{D}'(\Omega)$ Support of a Distribution  Dual Space of $C^{\infty}(\Omega)$	284 284 285 285 286 287 290 290 292 294 294 300 301 302

Contents xvii

		7.4.8 Regular Distributions with Respect to One Variable	308				
		7.4.9 The Fourier Transform	310				
		7.4.10 Tempered Distributions	314				
		7.4.11 Fourier Transform of Tempered Distributions	322				
	7.5	Operators and Kernels	329				
		7.5.1 Schwartz's Kernel Theorem	331				
		7.5.2 Regularizers	334				
	7.6	Layer Potentials	336				
		7.6.1 Single and Double Layer Potentials	336				
		7.6.2 The Green Representation Formula	338				
		7.6.3 Approximation to the Identity via Dirac Measure	339				
	7.7	Distribution Theory on a Manifold	341				
		7.7.1 Densities on a Manifold	341				
		7.7.2 Distributions on a Manifold	342				
		7.7.3 Differential Operators on a Manifold	344				
		7.7.4 Operators and Kernels on a Manifold	345				
	7.8	Domains of Class $C^r$	346				
	7.9	The Seeley Extension Theorem	349				
		7.9.1 Proof of Lemma 7.46	351				
	7.10	Notes and Comments	355				
8	<i>I</i> <sup>2</sup> T	heory of Sobolev Spaces	357				
0	8.1	The Spaces $H^s(\mathbb{R}^n)$	357				
	8.2	The Spaces $H^s_{loc}(\Omega)$ and $H^s_{comp}(\Omega)$	361				
	8.3	The Spaces $H^s(M)$	364				
	8.4	The Spaces $H^s(\overline{\mathbb{R}^n_+})$	366				
	8.5	The Spaces $H^s(\overline{\Omega})$	369				
	8.5 The Spaces <i>H</i> <sup>3</sup> (12)						
	8.7	Sectional Trace Theorems	372 376				
	8.8	Sobolev Spaces and Regularizations	378				
	8.9	Friedrichs' Mollifiers and Differential Operators	381				
	8.10	Notes and Comments	390				
9		heory of Pseudo-differential Operators	391				
	9.1	Symbol Classes	391				
	9.2	Phase Functions	395				
	9.3	Oscillatory Integrals	396				
	9.4	Fourier Integral Operators	398				
	9.5	Pseudo-differential Operators	400				
		9.5.1 Definitions and Basic Properties	400				
		9.5.2 Symbols of a Pseudo-differential Operator	403				
		9.5.3 The Algebra of Pseudo-differential Operators	405				
		9.5.4 Elliptic Pseudo-differential Operators	406				
		9.5.5 Invariance of Pseudo-differential Operators Under					
		Change of Coordinates	407				
		9.5.6 Pseudo-differential Operators and Sobolev Spaces	408				

xviii Contents

	9.6	Pseudo-differential Operators on a Manifold	409
		9.6.1 Definitions and Basic Properties	409
		9.6.2 Classical Pseudo-differential Operators	410
		9.6.3 Elliptic Pseudo-differential Operators	412
	9.7	Elliptic Pseudo-differential Operators and Their Indices	412
		9.7.1 Pseudo-differential Operators on Sobolev Spaces	412
		9.7.2 The Index of an Elliptic Pseudo-differential	
		Operator	416
	9.8	Potentials and Pseudo-differential Operators	426
		9.8.1 Single and Double Layer Potentials Revisited	426
		9.8.2 The Green Representation Formula Revisited	427
		9.8.3 Surface and Volume Potentials	428
	9.9	The Sharp Gårding Inequality	440
	9.10	Hypoelliptic Pseudo-differential Operators	445
	9.11	Notes and Comments	450
Par	t III	Maximum Principles and Elliptic Boundary Value	
		Problems	
10	Max	imum Principles for Degenerate Elliptic Operators	453
	10.1	Introduction	453
	10.2	Maximum Principles	458
	10.3	Propagation of Maxima	466
		10.3.1 Statement of Results	467
		10.3.2 Preliminaries	470
		10.3.3 Proof of Theorem 10.14	480
		10.3.4 Proof of Theorem 10.19	493
		10.3.5 Proof of Theorem 10.17	511
	10.4	Notes and Comments	513
Dov	4 137	L <sup>2</sup> Theory of Elliptic Boundary Value Problems	
11	_	tic Boundary Value Problems	517
	11.1		518
	11.2	The Dirichlet Problem in the Framework of $L^2$ Sobolev	
		Spaces	519
	11.3	General Boundary Value Problems	527
		11.3.1 Formulation of Boundary Value Problems	527
		11.3.2 Reduction to the Boundary	530
	11.4	Unique Solvability Theorem for General Boundary Value	
		Problems	544
		11.4.1 Statement of Main Results	546
		11.4.2 Proof of Theorem 11.19	548
		11.4.3 End of Proof of Theorem 11.19	560
		11.4.4 Proof of Corollary 11.20	565
	11.5	Notes and Comments	571

Contents xix

Part V	Markov Processes, Feller Semigroups and Boundar	·y
	Value Problems	

12		kov Processes, Transition Functions and Feller	
		groups	575
	12.1	Markov Processes and Transition Functions	577
		12.1.1 Definitions of Markov Processes	577
		12.1.2 Transition Functions	583
		12.1.3 Kolmogorov's Equations	<b>5</b> 90
		12.1.4 Feller and $C_0$ Transition Functions	592
		12.1.5 Path Functions of Markov Processes	595
		12.1.6 Stopping Times	596
		12.1.7 Definition of Strong Markov Processes	601
		12.1.8 Strong Markov Property and Uniform Stochastic	
		Continuity	602
	12.2	Feller Semigroups and Transition Functions	603
		12.2.1 Definition of Feller Semigroups	603
		12.2.2 Characterization of Feller Semigroups in Terms	
		of Transition Functions	604
	12.3	The Hille–Yosida Theory of Feller Semigroups	612
		12.3.1 Generation Theorems for Feller Semigroups	612
		12.3.2 Generation Theorems for Feller Semigroups	
		in Terms of Maximum Principles	619
	12.4	Infinitesimal Generator of Feller Semigroups on a Bounded	
		Domain (i)	626
	12.5	Infinitesimal Generator of Feller Semigroups on a Bounded	
		Domain (ii)	636
	12.6	Feller Semigroups and Boundary Value Problems	647
	12.7	Notes and Comments	679
13	$L^2$ A	pproach to the Construction of Feller Semigroups	681
	13.1	Statements of Main Results	682
	13.2	Proof of Theorem 13.1	685
		13.2.1 Proof of Theorem 13.5	687
	13.3	Proof of Theorem 13.3	705
		13.3.1 Proof of Theorem 13.15	708
	13.4	The Degenerate Diffusion Operator Case	711
		13.4.1 The Regular Boundary Case	713
		13.4.2 The Totally Characteristic Case	715
	13.5	Notes and Comments	718
1.4	Corre	duding Ramorks	710
	· OPA	THEORY RECORDS	

XX	Contents

Appendix:	A Brief In	troduction	roduction to the Potential Theoretic			
	Approach				723	
References					761	
Index					771	