

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC
8802-3

ANSI/IEEE
Std 802.3

Fourth edition
1993-07-08

Information technology — Local and metropolitan area networks —

Part 3:

Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection
(CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer
specifications

Technologie de l'information — Réseaux locaux et métropolitains —

*Partie 3: Accès multiple par surveillance du signal et détection de collision et
spécifications pour la couche physique*



Reference number
ISO/IEC 8802-3:1993 (E)
ANSI/IEEE
Std 802.3, 1993 Edition

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spécifications pour la couche physique*



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ISO/IEC 8802-3:1993 (E)
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Std 802.3, 1993 Edition

International Standard ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1993
ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition

(This edition contains ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3-1988,
ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3c-1985, ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3d-1987,
ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3b-1985, ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3e-1987,
ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3h-1990, ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3i-1990, and
corrections resulting from Maintenance Ballot #1)

Information technology—
Local and metropolitan area networks—

Part 3:
Carrier sense multiple access with
collision detection (CSMA/CD)
access method and
physical layer specifications

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Abstract: This Local and Metropolitan Area Network standard, ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1993 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition], specifies the media access control characteristics for the Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) access method. It also specifies the media, Medium Attachment Unit (MAU) and physical layer repeater unit for 10 Mb/s baseband and broadband systems, and it provides a 1 Mb/s baseband implementation. Specifications for MAU types 10BASE5, 10BASE2, FOIRL (fiber optic inter-repeater link), 10BROAD36, 1BASE5, and 10BASE-T are included. System considerations for multisegment 10 Mb/s baseband networks are provided. Layer and sublayer interface specifications are aligned to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection Basic Reference Model and 8802 models. The 8802-3 internal model is defined and used.

Keywords: data processing, information interchange, local area networks, mode of data transmission, network interconnection, models



Adopted as an International Standard by the
International Organization for Standardization
and by the
International Electrotechnical Commission



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International Standard ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1993

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In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75% of the national bodies casting a vote.

In 1985, IEEE Standard 802.3-1985 was adopted by ISO Technical Committee 97, *Information processing systems*, as draft International Standard ISO/DIS 8802-3. Following the procedures described above, the Standard was subsequently approved by ISO and published as ISO 8802-3 : 1989, incorporating ISO 8802-3/DAD 1 which had resulted from the adoption by ISO in 1987 of ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3a.

A further revision was subsequently approved by ISO/IEC JTC 1 in 1990, incorporating ISO/IEC 8802-3/Amendments 2 and 5.

A third edition, published in 1992, incorporated ISO/IEC 8802-3/Amendments 3 and 4.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1992 and incorporates ISO/IEC 8802-3/Amendment 6, *Maintenance Ballot*; Amendment 7, *Layer management*; and Amendment 9, *System considerations for multisegment 10 Mb/s baseband networks and Twisted-pair medium attachment unit (MAU) and baseband medium, type 10BASE-T*. These amendments were approved in 1992.

For the purpose of assigning organizationally unique identifiers, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., USA, has been designated by the ISO Council as the Registration Authority. Communications on this subject should be addressed to

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During the preparation of this International Standard, information was gathered on patents upon which application of this standard might depend. Relevant patents were identified as belonging to Xerox Corporation. However, ISO and IEC cannot give authoritative or comprehensive information about evidence, validity or scope of patent and like rights. The patent-holder has stated that licenses will be granted under reasonable terms and conditions and communications on this subject should be addressed to

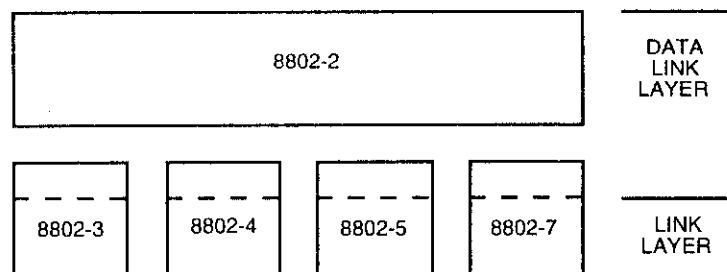
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Foreword to International Standard ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1993

This standard is part of a family of standards for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks. The relationship between this standard and the other members of the family is shown below. (The numbers in the figure refer to ISO standard numbers.)



This family of standards deals with the Physical and Data Link layers as defined by the ISO Open Systems Interconnection Basic Reference Model (ISO 7498 : 1984). The access standards define four types of medium access technologies and associated physical media, each appropriate for particular applications or system objectives. Other types are under investigation.

The standards defining these technologies are as follows:

- (1) ISO/IEC 8802-3 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition], a bus utilizing CSMA/CD as the access method,
- (2) ISO/IEC 8802-4 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.4-1990], a bus utilizing token passing as the access method,
- (3) ISO/IEC 8802-5 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.5-1992], a ring utilizing token passing as the access method,
- (4) ISO 8802-7, a ring utilizing slotted ring as the access method.

ISO 8802-2 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.2-1989], *Logical Link Control protocol*, is used in conjunction with the medium access standards.

ISO/IEC 10038 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1D, 1993 Edition], *Media access control (MAC) bridges*, specifies an architecture and protocol for the interconnection of IEEE 802 LANs below the MAC service boundary.

The reader of this document is urged to become familiar with the complete family of standards.

The main body of this standard serves for both the ISO/IEC 8802-3 and ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3 standards. ISO/IEC and IEEE each have unique foreword sections. The Annex applies to the IEEE standard only. The Appendixes serve as useful reference material to both standards.

ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition

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Comments for revision of IEEE Standards are welcome from any interested party, regardless of membership affiliation with IEEE. Suggestions for changes in documents should be in the form of a proposed change of text, together with appropriate supporting comments.

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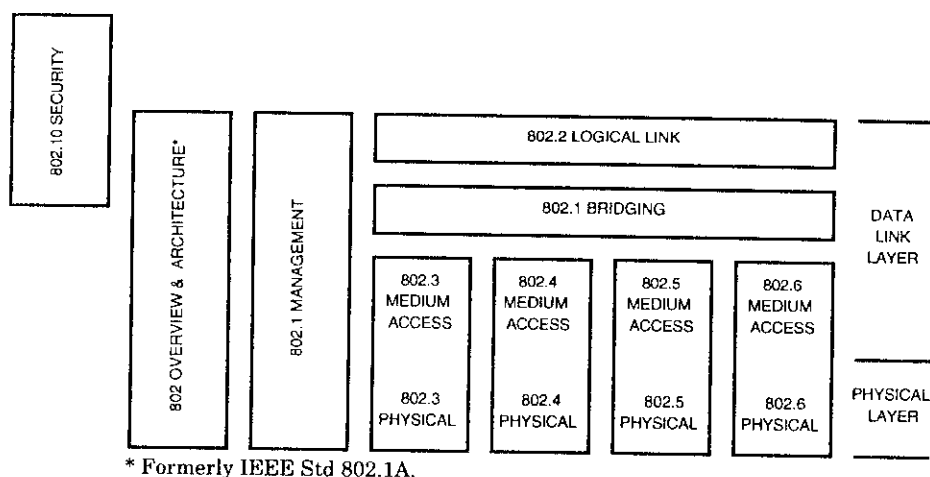
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Foreword to ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition

(This Foreword is not a part of this International Standard or of ANSI/IEEE 802.3, 1993 Edition.)

This standard is part of a family of standards for local and metropolitan area networks. The relationship between the standard and other members of the family is shown below. (The numbers in the figure refer to IEEE standard numbers.)



This family of standards deals with the Physical and Data Link layers as defined by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Open Systems Interconnection Basic Reference Model (ISO 7498 : 1984). The access standards define several types of medium access technologies and associated physical media, each appropriate for particular applications or system objectives. Other types are under investigation.

The standards defining these technologies are as follows:

- IEEE Std 802[†]: Overview and Architecture. This standard provides an overview to the family of IEEE 802 standards. This document forms part of the 802.1 scope of work.
- IEEE Std 802.1B: LAN/MAN Management. Defines an Open System Interconnection (OSI) management-compatible architecture, and services and protocol elements for use in a LAN/MAN environment for performing remote management.
- ISO/IEC 10038 : 1993 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.1D] MAC Bridging. Specifies an architecture and protocol for the interconnection of IEEE 802 LANs below the MAC service boundary.
- IEEE Std 802.1E: System Load Protocol. Specifies a set of services and protocol for those aspects of management concerned with the loading of systems on IEEE 802 LANs.
- ISO 8802-2 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.2]: Logical Link Control
- ISO/IEC 8802-3 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3]: CSMA/CD Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications

[†]The 802 Architecture and Overview Specification, originally known as IEEE Std 802.1A, has been renumbered as IEEE Std 802. This has been done to accommodate recognition of the base standard in a family of standards. References to IEEE Std 802.1A should be considered as references to IEEE Std 802.

- ISO/IEC 8802-4 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.4]: Token Bus Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications
- ISO/IEC 8802-5 [ANSI/IEEE Std 802.5]: Token Ring Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications
- IEEE Std 802.6: Metropolitan Area Network Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications
- IEEE Std 802.10: Interoperable Local Area Network Security, *Currently Contains Secure Data Exchange (SDE)*

In addition to the family of standards the following is a recommended practice for a common technology:

- IEEE Std 802.7: IEEE Recommended Practice for Broadband Local Area Networks

The reader of this document is urged to become familiar with the complete family of standards.

Conformance Test Methodology

Another standards series, identified by the number 1802, has been established to identify the conformance test methodology documents for the 802 family of standards. This makes the correspondence between the various 802 standards and their applicable conformance test requirements readily apparent. Thus the conformance test documents for 802.3 are numbered 1802.3, the conformance test documents for 802.5 will be 1802.5, and so on. Similarly, ISO will use 18802 to number conformance test standards for 8802 standards.

ISO/IEC 8802-3 : 1993 (ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3, 1993 Edition)

This edition of the standard defines 10 Mb/s baseband and broadband implementations and a 1 Mb/s baseband implementation of the Physical Layer using the CSMA/CD access method. It is anticipated that future editions of the standard may provide additional implementations of the physical layer to support different needs (for example, media, and data rates).

This standard contains state-of-the-art material. The area covered by this standard is undergoing evolution. Revisions are anticipated to this standard within the next few years to clarify existing material, to correct possible errors, and to incorporate new related material.

Readers wishing to know the state of revisions should contact

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The IEEE 802.3 Working Group acknowledges and appreciates that many concepts embodied in this standard are based largely upon the CSMA/CD access method earlier described in *The Ethernet* specification as written jointly by individuals from Xerox Corporation, Digital Equipment Corporation, and Intel Corporation. Appreciation is also expressed to Robert M. Metcalfe and David R. Boggs for their pioneering work in establishing the original concepts.

Participants

When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved the original standard (ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3-1985) in 1983, it had the following membership:

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The ECMA TC24 Committee on Communication Protocols also provided helpful input in the development of this standard.

When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3a-1988 (Section 10) in November 1984, it had the following membership:

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*Member emeritus

ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3c-1985 was approved by the American National Standards Institute on June 4, 1986.

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The IEC TC83 Committee on Information Technology Equipment also provided very helpful input to the development of the FOIRL Standard (9.9).

The following persons were on the balloting committee that approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3d-1987 (9.9) for submission to the IEEE Standards Board:

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ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3d-1987 was approved by the American National Standards Institute on February 9, 1989.

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When the IEEE Standards Board approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3-1988 on June 9, 1988, and ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3a-1988 (Section 10) on October 20, 1988, it had the following membership:

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ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3-1988 and ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3a-1988 were approved by the American National Standards Institute on January 12, 1989.

When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3c-1985 (9.1–9.8) in July 1985, it had the following membership:

Donald C. Loughry, Chair
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Gregory Ennis
Alan Flatman
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Ingrid Fromm
Robert Galin
Sharad Gandhi
Rich Graham
Richard Gumpertz

Hacene Hariti
Guy Harkins
Fred Huang
Stephen Janshego
Donald Johnson
Kwi-Yung Jung
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Joe Kennedy
Hiroschi Kobayashi
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William Ayen
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Edwardo W. Bergamini
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Paul W. Campbell, Jr.
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Kilnam Chon
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W. F. Chow
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Joseph F. P. Luhukay
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Dale A. Murray
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Charles Oestereich
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George Parowski
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When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3b-1985 (Section 11), it had the following membership:

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George S. Carson
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T. Ricky Chow
David Cohen
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Ira W. Cotton
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Aditya N. Mishra
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Ruth Nelson
J. Duane Northcutt
Charles Oestereicher
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George Parowski
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Nikitas Pimopoulos
David Potter
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Gary S. Robinson
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Robert Rosenthal
Gian Paolo Rossi
David J. Rypka
S. I. Samoylenko
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Oscar Sepulveda
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R. M. Simmons
David W. Sloyer
Stephen Soto
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Bart W. Stuck
Tatsuya Suda
Peter Sugar
Efsthios D. Sykas
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Ahmed N. Tantaui
Mario Tokoro
H. C. Tornng
Donald F. Towsley
Wei-Tek Tsai
M. Tsuchiya
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Stanko Turk
L. David Umbaugh
James Vorhies
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When the IEEE Standards Board approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3b-1985 (Section 11) on September 19, 1985, it had the following membership:

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Joseph L. Koepfinger[†]
Irving Kolodny
R. F. Lawrence

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[†]Member emeritus

ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3b-1985 was approved by the American National Standards Institute on February 28, 1986.

When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3e-1987 (Section 12) in November 1986, it had the following membership:

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Robert Galin, *Chair, Type 1BASE5 Task Force*

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Kit Athul	Karl H. Kellermayr	Gian Paolo Rossi
William Ayen	M. Kezunovic	David J. Rypka
Eduardo W. Bergamini	Samuel Kho	S. I. Samaylenko
H. F. Boley	S. E. Kille	Norman F. Schneidewind
Paul W. Campbell, Jr.	David Kollm	Omri Serlin
George S. Carson	Takahiko Kuki	D. Sheppard
Po Chen	Lee LaBarre	Ron Simmons
L. Y. Cheung	Wai-Sum Lai	J. B. Sinclair
Kilnam Chon	Lanse M. Leach	L. Sintonen
W. F. Chow	Edward Y. Lee	Stephen H. Soto
Michael Coden	S. E. Levin	Tom Stack
A. F. Conrad	R. C. Lightburn	Carel M. Stillebroer
Ira Cotton	F. C. Lim	Fred Strauss
D. E. Crotty	William D. Livingston	Bart W. Stuck
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Michel Diaz	Joseph F. P. Luhukay	P. Sugar
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Judith Estrin	Darrel B. McIndoe	D. F. Towsley
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G. A. Foggiate	David S. Millman	Masahiro Tsuchiya
Harvey A. Freeman	Aditya N. Mishra	Stanko Turk
Robert J. Gagliano	David E. Morgan	L. David Umbaugh
T. F. Gannon III	Mike Morganti	J. T. Vorhies
Patrick S. Gonia	Kanji Mori	Pearl S. C. Wang
R. L. Gordon	David Morris	Don Weir
A. Goyal	H. H. T. Mouftah	Alan J. Weissburger
M. D. Graebner	Dale N. Murray	W. J. Wenker
Maris Graube	R. R. Nelson	Earl J. Whitaker
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Stephen Harris	Charles Oestereicher	Michael Willett
J. Scott Haugdahl	Young Oh	David C. Wood
C. W. Hobbs	George Parowski	Tsong-Hu Wu
Paul Hutton	Thomas L. Phinney	Oren Yuen
	David Potter	

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Irvin N. Howell	Donald T. Michael*	Helen M. Wood

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ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3e-1987 was approved by the American National Standards Institute on December 15, 1987.

When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3h-1990 (Section 5), it had the following membership:

Donald C. Loughry, Chair
Andy J. Luque, Chair, Layer Management Task Force

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 Richard Anderson
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 Susie Armstrong
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 Peter Cross
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 Sanjay Dhawan
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 Bob Norton
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 Young Oh
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ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3i-1990 was approved by the American National Standards Institute on March 11, 1991.

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When the IEEE 802.3 Working Group approved ANSI/IEEE Std 802.3i-1990 (Sections 13 and 14), it had the following membership:

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Tadayoshi Kitayama

Steven Koller
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Michael Lebar
Michael Lee
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 Douglas Thompson
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Carlos Tomaszewski
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Contents

SECTION	PAGE
1. Introduction.....	31
1.1 Overview.....	31
1.1.1 Basic Concepts	31
1.1.2 Architectural Perspectives	31
1.1.3 Layer Interfaces	32
1.1.4 Application Areas	33
1.2 Notation.....	33
1.2.1 State Diagram Conventions.....	33
1.2.2 Service Specification Method and Notation.....	34
1.2.3 Physical Layer and Media Notation.....	35
1.2.4 Physical Layer Message Notation	35
1.3 References.....	35
1.4 Definitions	36
2. MAC Service Specification.....	37
2.1 Scope and Field of Application	37
2.2 Overview of the Service	37
2.2.1 General Description of Services Provided by the Layer.....	37
2.2.2 Model Used for the Service Specification	37
2.2.3 Overview of Interactions.....	37
2.2.4 Basic Services and Options	37
2.3 Detailed Service Specification	38
2.3.1 MA_DATA.request	38
2.3.2 MA_DATA.indication	38
3. Media Access Control Frame Structure	41
3.1 Overview.....	41
3.1.1 MAC Frame Format.....	41
3.2 Elements of the MAC Frame.....	41
3.2.1 Preamble Field	41
3.2.2 Start Frame Delimiter (SFD) Field	42
3.2.3 Address Fields	42
3.2.4 Destination Address Field	43
3.2.5 Source Address Field	43
3.2.6 Length Field	43
3.2.7 Data and PAD Fields	43
3.2.8 Frame Check Sequence Field	43
3.3 Order of Bit Transmission	44
3.4 Invalid MAC Frame	44
4. Media Access Control	45
4.1 Functional Model of the Media Access Control Method	45
4.1.1 Overview	45
4.1.2 CSMA/CD Operation	45
4.1.3 Relationships to LLC Sublayer and Physical Layer.....	47
4.1.4 CSMA/CD Access Method Functional Capabilities.....	47
4.2 CSMA/CD Media Access Control Method (MAC): Precise Specification.....	48
4.2.1 Introduction	48
4.2.2 Overview of the Procedural Model	48
4.2.3 Frame Transmission Model	54
4.2.4 Frame Reception Model	55
4.2.5 Preamble Generation	56
4.2.6 Start Frame Sequence.....	57
4.2.7 Global Declarations.....	57
4.2.8 Frame Transmission	59
4.2.9 Frame Reception	63
4.2.10 Common Procedures.....	65
4.3 Interfaces to/from Adjacent Layers	66

SECTION

		66
4.3.1	Overview	66
4.3.2	Services Provided by the MAC Sublayer	67
4.3.3	Services Required from the Physical Layer	68
4.4	Specific Implementations	68
4.4.1	Compatibility Overview	69
4.4.2	Allowable Implementations	71
5	Layer Management	71
5.1	Introduction	71
5.1.1	Systems Management Overview	72
5.1.2	Layer Management Model	73
5.2	Management Facilities	73
5.2.1	Introduction	73
5.2.2	MAC Sublayer Management Facilities	77
5.2.3	Physical Layer Management Facilities	77
5.2.4	Layer Management Model	83
6	PLS Service Specifications	83
6.1	Scope and Field of Application	83
6.2	Overview of the Service	83
6.2.1	General Description of Services Provided by the Layer	83
6.2.2	Model Used for the Service Specification	83
6.2.3	Overview of Interactions	84
6.2.4	Basic Services and Options	84
6.3	Detailed Service Specification	84
6.3.1	Peer-to-Peer Service Primitives	85
6.3.2	Sublayer-to-Sublayer Service Primitives	87
7	Physical Signaling (PLS) and Attachment Unit Interface (AUI) Specifications	87
7.1	Scope	87
7.1.1	Definitions	88
7.1.2	Summary of Major Concepts	88
7.1.3	Application	88
7.1.4	Modes of Operation	88
7.1.5	Allocation of Function	88
7.2	Functional Specification	89
7.2.1	PLS -PMA (DTE-MAU) Interface Protocol	94
7.2.2	PLS Interface to MAC and Management Entities	95
7.2.3	Frame Structure	96
7.2.4	PLS Functions	98
7.3	Signal Characteristics	98
7.3.1	Signal Encoding	102
7.3.2	Signaling Rate	102
7.3.3	Signaling Levels	103
7.4	Electrical Characteristics	103
7.4.1	Driver Characteristics	104
7.4.2	Receiver Characteristics	108
7.4.3	AUI Cable Characteristics	108
7.5	Functional Description of Interchange Circuits	108
7.5.1	General	109
7.5.2	Definition of Interchange Circuits	111
7.6	Mechanical Characteristics	111
7.6.1	Definition of Mechanical Interface	111
7.6.2	Line Interface Connector	113
7.6.3	Contact Assignments	115
8	Medium Attachment Unit and Baseband Medium Specifications, Type 10BASE5	115
8.1	Scope	115
8.1.1	Overview	116
8.1.2	Definitions	116

8.1.3	Application Perspective: MAU and MEDIUM Objectives.....	116
8.2	MAU Functional Specifications.....	117
8.2.1	MAU Physical Layer Functions.....	118
8.2.2	MAU Interface Messages.....	120
8.2.3	MAU State Diagrams.....	121
8.3	MAU Medium Electrical Characteristics.....	121
8.3.1	MAU-to-Coaxial Cable Interface.....	121
8.3.2	MAU Electrical Characteristics.....	125
8.3.3	MAU-DTE Electrical Characteristics.....	126
8.3.4	MAU-DTE Mechanical Connection.....	126
8.4	Characteristics of the Coaxial Cable.....	126
8.4.1	Coaxial Cable Electrical Parameters.....	126
8.4.2	Coaxial Cable Properties.....	127
8.4.3	Total Segment DC Loop Resistance.....	128
8.5	Coaxial Trunk Cable Connectors.....	128
8.5.1	Inline Coaxial Extension Connector.....	129
8.5.2	Coaxial Cable Terminator.....	129
8.5.3	MAU-to-Coaxial Cable Connector.....	129
8.6	System Considerations.....	130
8.6.1	Transmission System Model.....	130
8.6.2	Transmission System Requirements.....	131
8.6.3	Labeling.....	134
8.7	Environmental Specifications.....	134
8.7.1	General Safety Requirements.....	134
8.7.2	Network Safety Requirements.....	134
8.7.3	Electromagnetic Environment.....	135
8.7.4	Temperature and Humidity.....	136
8.7.5	Regulatory Requirements.....	136
9.	Repeater Unit for 10 Mb/s Baseband Networks.....	137
9.1	Overview.....	137
9.2	Definitions.....	137
9.3	References.....	138
9.4	Compatibility Interface.....	138
9.4.1	AUI Compatibility.....	139
9.4.2	Direct Cable Compatibility.....	139
9.4.3	Link Segment Compatibility.....	139
9.5	Basic Functions.....	139
9.5.1	Repeater Set Network Properties.....	139
9.5.2	Signal Amplification.....	140
9.5.3	Signal Symmetry.....	140
9.5.4	Signal Retiming.....	140
9.5.5	Data Handling.....	140
9.5.6	Collision Handling.....	140
9.5.7	Electrical Isolation.....	141
9.6	Detailed Repeater Functions and State Diagrams.....	141
9.6.1	State Diagram Notation.....	141
9.6.2	Data and Collision Handling.....	146
9.6.3	Preamble Regeneration.....	146
9.6.4	Fragment Extension.....	146
9.6.5	MAU Jabber Lockup Protection.....	146
9.6.6	Auto-Partitioning/Reconnection (Optional).....	146
9.7	Electrical Isolation.....	149
9.7.1	Environment A Requirements.....	149
9.7.2	Environment B Requirements.....	149
9.8	Reliability.....	149
9.9	Medium Attachment Unit and Baseband Medium Specification for a Vendor-Independent FOIRL.....	149
9.9.1	Scope.....	149
9.9.2	FOMAU Functional Specifications.....	151

9.9.3	FOMAU Electrical Characteristics	159
9.9.4	FOMAU/Optical Medium Interface.....	159
9.9.5	Characteristics of the Optical Fiber Cable Link Segment	160
9.9.6	System Requirements	161
9.9.7	Environmental Specifications	162
10.	Medium Attachment Unit and Baseband Medium Specifications, Type 10BASE2	165
10.1	Scope	165
10.1.1	Overview	165
10.1.2	Definitions	166
10.1.3	Application Perspective: MAU and Medium Objectives	167
10.2	References.....	167
10.3	MAU Functional Specifications.....	167
10.3.1	MAU Physical Layer Functional Requirements.....	168
10.3.2	MAU Interface Messages	170
10.3.3	MAU State Diagrams	172
10.4	MAU-Medium Electrical Characteristics	172
10.4.1	MAU-to-Coaxial Cable Interface	172
10.4.2	MAU Electrical Characteristics.....	174
10.4.3	MAU-DTE Electrical Characteristics	175
10.5	Characteristics of Coaxial Cable System.....	175
10.5.1	Coaxial Cable Electrical Parameters	175
10.5.2	Coaxial Cable Physical Parameters	175
10.5.3	Total Segment DC Loop Resistance	177
10.6	Coaxial Trunk Cable Connectors	177
10.6.1	In-Line Coaxial Extension Connector	178
10.6.2	Coaxial Cable Terminator	178
10.6.3	MAU-to-Coaxial Cable Connection	178
10.7	System Considerations	178
10.7.1	Transmission System Model.....	178
10.7.2	Transmission System Requirements	179
10.8	Environmental Specifications	181
10.8.1	Safety Requirements.....	181
10.8.2	Electromagnetic Environment.....	181
10.8.3	Regulatory Requirements	182
11.	Broadband Medium Attachment Unit and Broadband Medium Specifications, Type 10BROAD36.....	183
11.1	Scope	183
11.1.1	Overview	183
11.1.2	Definitions	185
11.1.3	MAU and Medium Objectives	186
11.1.4	Compatibility Considerations	186
11.1.5	Relationship to PLS and AUI	186
11.1.6	Mode of Operation	186
11.2	MAU Functional Specifications.....	187
11.2.1	MAU Functional Requirements.....	187
11.2.2	DTE PLS to MAU and MAU to DTE PLS Messages.....	189
11.2.3	MAU State Diagrams	190
11.3	MAU Characteristics	194
11.3.1	MAU- to-Coaxial Cable Interface	194
11.3.2	MAU Frequency Allocations	198
11.3.3	AUI Electrical Characteristics.....	198
11.3.4	MAU Transfer Characteristics	199
11.3.5	Reliability.....	205
11.4	System Considerations	205
11.4.1	Delay Budget and Network Diameter.....	205
11.4.2	MAU Operation with Packets Shorter than 512 Bits	206
11.5	Characteristics of the Coaxial Cable System	206
11.5.1	Electrical Requirements	206

11.5.2	Mechanical Requirements.....	207
11.5.3	Delay Requirements.....	207
11.6	Frequency Translator Requirements for the Single-Cable Version.....	207
11.6.1	Electrical Requirements.....	207
11.6.2	Mechanical Requirements.....	208
11.7	Environmental Specifications.....	208
11.7.1	Safety Requirements.....	208
11.7.2	Electromagnetic Environment.....	208
11.7.3	Temperature and Humidity.....	208
12.	Physical Signaling, Medium Attachment, and Baseband Medium Specifications, Type 1BASE5.....	209
12.1	Introduction.....	209
12.1.1	Overview.....	209
12.1.2	Scope.....	209
12.1.3	Definitions.....	209
12.1.4	General Characteristics.....	211
12.1.5	Compatibility.....	211
12.1.6	Objectives of Type 1BASE5 Specifications.....	211
12.2	Architecture.....	211
12.2.1	Major Concepts.....	211
12.2.2	Application Perspective.....	213
12.2.3	Packet Structure.....	213
12.3	DTE Physical Signaling (PLS) Specification.....	214
12.3.1	Overview.....	214
12.3.2	Functional Specification.....	214
12.4	Hub Specification.....	221
12.4.1	Overview.....	221
12.4.2	Hub Structure.....	222
12.4.3	Hub PLS Functional Specification.....	222
12.5	Physical Medium Attachment (PMA) Specification.....	227
12.5.1	Overview.....	227
12.5.2	PLS-PMA Interface.....	227
12.5.3	Signal Characteristics.....	227
12.6	Medium Dependent Interface (MDI) Specification.....	235
12.6.1	Line Interface Connector.....	235
12.6.2	Connector Contact Assignments.....	235
12.6.3	Labeling.....	235
12.7	Cable Medium Characteristics.....	236
12.7.1	Overview.....	236
12.7.2	Transmission Parameters.....	236
12.7.3	Coupling Parameters.....	236
12.7.4	Noise Environment.....	238
12.8	Special Link Specification.....	238
12.8.1	Overview.....	238
12.8.2	Transmission Characteristics.....	238
12.8.3	Permitted Configurations.....	238
12.9	Timing.....	239
12.9.1	Overview.....	239
12.9.2	DTE Timing.....	239
12.9.3	Medium Timing.....	239
12.9.4	Special Link Timing.....	239
12.9.5	Hub Timing.....	239
12.10	Safety.....	240
12.10.1	Isolation.....	240
12.10.2	Telephony Voltages.....	240
13.	System Considerations for Multisegment 10 Mb/s Baseband Networks.....	241
13.1	Overview.....	241
13.2	Definitions.....	241

SECTION	PAGE
13.3 Transmission System Model	241
14. Twisted-Pair Medium Attachment Unit (MAU) and Baseband Medium, Type 10BASE-T	245
14.1 Scope	245
14.1.1 Overview	245
14.1.2 Definitions	247
14.1.3 Application Perspective	248
14.1.4 Relationship to PLS and AUI	248
14.2 MAU Functional Specifications	249
14.2.1 MAU Functions	250
14.2.2 PMA Interface Messages	252
14.2.3 MAU State Diagrams	256
14.3 MAU Electrical Specifications	257
14.3.1 MAU-to-MDI Interface Characteristics	265
14.3.2 MAU-to-AUI Specification	266
14.4 Characteristics of the Simplex Link Segment	266
14.4.1 Overview	266
14.4.2 Transmission Parameters	267
14.4.3 Coupling Parameters	267
14.4.4 Noise Environment	268
14.5 MDI Specification	268
14.5.1 MDI Connectors	269
14.5.2 Crossover Function	270
14.6 System Considerations	270
14.7 Environmental Specifications	270
14.7.1 General Safety	270
14.7.2 Network Safety	271
14.7.3 Environment	271
14.8 MAU Labeling	271
14.9 Timing Summary	271
FIGURES	
Fig 1-1 LAN Standard Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	32
Fig 1-2 State Diagram Notation Example	33
Fig 1-3 Service Primitive Notation	34
Fig 2-1 Service Specification Relation to the LAN Model	37
Fig 3-1 MAC Frame Format	41
Fig 3-2 Address Field Format	42
Fig 4-1 MAC Sublayer Partitioning, Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	46
Fig 4-2 CSMA/CD Media Access Control Functions	48
Fig 4-3 Relationship Among CSMA/CD Procedures	50
Fig 4-4 Control Flow Summary	51
(a) TransmitFrame	52
(b) ReceiveFrame	53
Fig 4-5 Control Flow: MAC Sublayer	53
Fig 5-1 Relationship Between the Various Management Entities and Layer Entities According to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	72
Fig 6-1 Service Specification Relationship to the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model	83
Fig 7-1 Physical Layer Partitioning, Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	87
Fig 7-2 Generalized MAU Model	89
Fig 7-3 PLS Reset and Identify Function	91
Fig 7-4 PLS Mode Function	92
Fig 7-5 PLS Output Function	93
Fig 7-6 PLS Input Function	97
Fig 7-7 PLS Error Sense Function	98
Fig 7-8 PLS Carrier Sense Function	99

Fig 7-9	Interface Function for MAU with Conditioning	100-101
Fig 7-10	Examples of Manchester Waveforms	102
Fig 7-11	Differential Output Voltage, Loaded	104
Fig 7-12	Generalized Driver Waveform	105
Fig 7-13	Common-Mode Output Voltage	105
Fig 7-14	Driver Fault Conditions	106
Fig 7-15	Common-Mode Input Test	107
Fig 7-16	Receiver Fault Conditions	107
Fig 7-17	Common-Mode Transfer Impedance	109
Fig 7-18	Connector Locking Posts	111
Fig 7-19	Connector Slide Latch	112
Fig 7-20	Connector Hardware and AUI Cable Configuration	112
Fig 8-1	Physical Layer Partitioning, Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	115
Fig 8-2	Interface Function: Simple MAU Without Isolate Capability	122
Fig 8-3	Interface Function: Simple MAU with Isolate Capability	123
Fig 8-4	Jabber Function	124
Fig 8-5	Recommended Driver Current Signal Levels	125
Fig 8-6	Typical Coaxial Trunk Cable Signal Waveform	125
Fig 8-7	Maximum Coaxial Cable Transfer Impedance	127
Fig 8-8	Coaxial Tap Connector Configuration Concepts	130
Fig 8-9	Typical Coaxial Tap Connection Circuit	131
Fig 8-10	Maximum Transmission Path	132
Fig 8-11	Minimal System Configuration	132
Fig 8-12	Minimal System Configuration Requiring a Repeater Set	132
Fig 8-13	An Example of a Large System with Maximum Transmission Paths	133
Fig 8-14	An Example of a Large Point-to-Point Link System (5140 ns)	133
Fig 9-1	Repeater Set, Coax-to-Coax Configuration	137
Fig 9-2	Repeater Unit State Diagram	144
Fig 9-3	Transmit Timer State Diagram for Port X	145
Fig 9-4	Tw2 State Diagram	145
Fig 9-5	MAU Jabber Lockup Protection State Diagram	145
Fig 9-6	Partitioning State Diagram for Port X	148
Fig 9-7	Schematic of the Vendor-Independent FOIRL and Its Relationship to the Repeater Unit	151
Fig 9-8	FOMAU Transmit, Receive, and Collision Functions State Diagram	157
Fig 9-9	FOMAU Jabber Function State Diagram	158
Fig 9-10	Low Light Level Detection Function State Diagram	158
Fig 10-1	Physical Layer Partitioning, Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	165
Fig 10-2	MAU Interface Function	168
Fig 10-3	Jabber Function State Diagram	170
Fig 10-4	Driver Current Signal Levels	173
Fig 10-5	Coaxial Trunk Cable Signal Waveform	173
Fig 10-6	Maximum Coaxial Cable Transfer Impedance	176
Fig 10-7	Examples of Insulated Connector Cover	177
Fig 10-8	Maximum Transfer Path	179
Fig 10-9	The Minimum System Configuration	179
Fig 10-10	The Minimum System Configuration Requiring a Repeater Set	180
Fig 10-11	An Example of a Large Hybrid System	180
Fig 11-1	Physical Layer Partitioning, Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model	183
Fig 11-2	Broadband Cable Systems	184
Fig 11-3	Transmit Function Requirements	187
Fig 11-4	MAU State Diagram	192-193
Fig 11-5	MAU Jabber State Diagram	194
Fig 11-6	Packet Format and Timing Diagram (AUI to Coaxial Cable Interface)	196
Fig 11-7	Spectrum Mask for RF Data Signal	197
Fig 11-8	Transmit Out-of-Band Power Attenuation	197
Fig 11-9	Packet Format at Modulator Input	200

Fig 11-10	Scrambler.....	201
Fig 11-11	Differential Encoder.....	201
Fig 11-12	Descrambler.....	202
Fig 11-13	No Collision Timing Diagram (Coax to AUI).....	203
Fig 11-14	Collision Timing Diagram (RF Data to RF Collision Enforcement).....	204
Fig 11-15	Collision Timing Diagram (Coaxial Cable Interface to AUI Circuit CI).....	204
Fig 11-16	Timing at AUI for Zero-Length Coax.....	205
Fig 12-1	1BASE5 Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model.....	210
Fig 12-2	Single Hub Network.....	212
Fig 12-3	Network With Two Levels of Hubs.....	212
Fig 12-4	Network With Four Levels of Hubs.....	213
Fig 12-5	Station Physical Signaling, Relationship to the ISO OSI Reference Model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model.....	215
Fig 12-6	DTE PLS Output Function.....	217
Fig 12-7	DTE PLS Input Function.....	218
Fig 12-8	DTE PLS Error Sense Function.....	218
Fig 12-9	DTE PLS Carrier Sense Function.....	219
Fig 12-10	Examples of Manchester Waveforms.....	220
Fig 12-11	Examples of Collision Presence Waveforms.....	220
Fig 12-12	Hub Relationship to the OSI Reference Model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model.....	221
Fig 12-13	Hub PLS Upward Transfer Function.....	224
Fig 12-14	Hub PLS Jabber Function for Port X.....	225
Fig 12-15	Hub PLS Downward Transfer Function.....	226
Fig 12-16	Physical Medium Attachment, Relationship to the OSI Reference Model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model.....	228
Fig 12-17	Simulated Light Load.....	228
Fig 12-18	Simulated Heavy Load.....	229
Fig 12-19	Differential Output Voltage, Nominal Duration BT/2.....	229
Fig 12-20	Differential Output Voltage, Duration BT.....	229
Fig 12-21	Transmitter Waveform for Idle.....	231
Fig 12-22	Start-of-Idle Test Load #1.....	231
Fig 12-23	Start-of-Idle Test Load #2.....	231
Fig 12-24	Transmitter Impedance Balance.....	231
Fig 12-25	Common-Mode Output Voltage.....	232
Fig 12-26	Transmitter Common-Mode Tolerance.....	232
Fig 12-27	Common-Mode Impulse Test.....	233
Fig 12-28	Receiver Signal Envelope.....	233
Fig 12-29	Receiver Common-Mode Rejection.....	234
Fig 12-30	DTE and Hub Connector.....	235
Fig 12-31	Cable Connector.....	235
Fig 12-32	Cable Balance Test.....	237
Fig 13-1	Maximum Transmission Path with Three Coaxial Cable Segments.....	243
Fig 13-2	Example of Maximum Transmission Path Using Coaxial Cable Segments, 10BASE-T Link Segments, and Fiber Optic Link Segments.....	243
Fig 13-3	Example of Maximum Transmission Path with Three Repeater Sets, Four Link Segments (Two are 100 m 10BASE-T and Two are 1 km Fiber).....	244
Fig 14-1	10BASE-T Relationship to the ISO Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Reference Model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN Model.....	246
Fig 14-2	Twisted-Pair Link.....	247
Fig 14-3	MAU Transmit, Receive, Loopback, and Collision Presence Functions State Diagram.....	253
Fig 14-4	signal quality error Message Test Function State Diagram.....	254
Fig 14-5	Jabber Function State Diagram.....	255
Fig 14-6	Link Integrity Test Function State Diagram.....	256
Fig 14-7	Twisted-Pair Model.....	257
Fig 14-8	Differential Output Voltage Test.....	258
Fig 14-9	Voltage Template.....	258
Fig 14-10	Transmitter Waveform for Start of TP_IDL.....	260

FIGURES	PAGE
Fig 14-11 Start-of-TP_IDL Test Load	260
Fig 14-12 Transmitter Waveform for Link Test Pulse	261
Fig 14-13 Transmitter Impedance Balance and Common-Mode Rejection Test Circuit	262
Fig 14-14 Common-Mode Output Voltage Test Circuit	262
Fig 14-15 Transmitter Fault Tolerance Test Circuit	263
Fig 14-16 Receiver Differential Input Voltage—Narrow Pulse	264
Fig 14-17 Receiver Differential Input Voltage—Wide Pulse	264
Fig 14-18 Receiver Common-Mode Rejection Test Circuit	265
Fig 14-19 Common-Mode Impulse Test Circuit	265
Fig 14-20 MAU MDI Connector	268
Fig 14-21 Twisted-Pair Link Segment Connector	268
Fig 14-22 Crossover Function	
(a) External Crossover Function	269
(b) MAU-Embedded Crossover Function	269

TABLES	PAGE
Table 8-1 Generation of Collision Presence Signal	119
Table 9-1 Maximum Allowable Timing Budget Contributions to the FOIRL System	
Timing Budget	162
Table 10-1 Generation of Collision Presence Signal	169
Table 11.2-1 Single-Cable Frequency Allocations (Frequencies in MHz)	198
Table 11.2-2 Dual-Cable Frequency Allocations (Frequencies in MHz)	199
Table 11.4-1 Broadband Dual-Cable Systems—Physical Layer Delay Budget	206
Table 11.5-1 Cable System Electrical Requirements	207
Table 11.6-1 Frequency Translator Requirements	207
Table 13-1 Delays for Network Media Segments	241
Table 14-1 Voltage Template Values for Fig 14-9	259
Table 14-2 Maximum Timing Parameters	272

ANNEX	PAGE
Additional Reference Material	273

APPENDIXES	PAGE
A. System Guidelines	275
A1. Baseband System Guidelines and Concepts	275
A1.1 Overall System Objectives	275
A1.2 Analog System Components and Parameter Values	275
A1.3 Minimum Frame Length Determination	276
A1.4 System Jitter Budgets	278
A2. System Parameters and Budgets for 1BASE5	280
A2.1 Delay Budget	280
A2.2 Minimum Frame Length Determination	281
A2.3 Jitter Budget	282
A3. Example Crosstalk Computation for Multiple Disturbances	283
A4. 10BASE-T	284
A4.1 System Jitter Budget	284
A4.2 Filter Characteristics	285
A4.3 Notes for Conformance Testing	285
B. State Diagram, MAC Sublayer	287
B1. Introduction	287
B2. CSMA/CD Media Access Control State Machine Overview	287
B2.1 Transmit Component Overview	287
B2.2 Transmit Component Event Descriptions	287
B2.3 Transmit Component Action Descriptions	289
B2.4 Transmit Component State Descriptions	289
B3. Receive Component Overview	290
B3.1 Receive Component Event Descriptions	290

APPENDICES	PAGE
B3.2 Receive Component Action Descriptions	290
B3.3 Receive Component State Descriptions	291
C. Application Context, Selected Medium Specifications.....	292
C1. Introduction.....	292
C2. Type 10BASE5 Applications.....	292
C3. Type 10BASE2 Applications.....	293
C4. Type FOIRL Applications	293
D. Receiver Wavelength Design Considerations	294
APPENDIX FIGURES	
Fig A1 Maximal System Configuration Bit Budget Apportionments.....	276
Fig A2 Typical Signal Waveforms	279
Fig A3 Worst-Case Signal Waveform Variations	279
Fig A4 MDNEXT Cumulative Probability Distribution.....	284
Fig B1 Transmit Component State Diagram.....	287
Fig B2 Receive Component State Diagram.....	290
APPENDIX TABLES	
Table B1 Transmit Component State Transition.....	288
Table B2 Receive Component State Transition.....	290