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Preface

ICCAL, the International Conference on Computers and Learning, is a forum for the exchange of ideas and presentation of developments in the theory and practice of computer uses in education; its focus is post-secondary education. ICCAL '92 is being held at Acadia University in Wolfville, Nova Scotia, Canada, June 17-20, 1992.

ICCAL '92 is the fourth in a series of International Conferences on Computers and Learning. The previous ones were held in Hagen (Germany 1990), Dallas (USA 1989), and Calgary (Canada 1987). Due to ICCAL's success, future meetings will be held annually and enlarged in scope. The next one will be in Orlando, Florida, in June 1993 under the name ED-MEDIA-World Conference on Educational Multimedia and Hypermedia; it will be sponsored by the Association for Advancement of Computers in Education. Further information about ED-Media is available from Dr. Hermann Maurer, IIG, Schießstadtgasse 4a, A-8010 Graz, Austria, fax number: (0043 316) 82 5394, or e-mail address: hmaurer@iicm.tu-graz.ac.at

ICCAL '92 whose proceedings are presented in this volume, features forty-five submitted and six invited papers. Another twenty-nine short papers are included in the supplementary proceedings (not included in this volume). We thank the authors of all submissions for their contributions.

Papers were selected from one hundred submissions by the following program committee: I. Benest (UK), M. Brown (USA), P. Carlson (USA), S. Cerri (Italy), B. Clark (Canada), N. Coulter (USA), G. Davies (UK), M. DeBlasi (Italy), N. Gardner (UK), A. Derycke (France), J. Hammond (Australia), F. Hill (USA), D. Jonassen (USA), E. Luque (Spain), G. Kovacs (Hungary), R. Hartog (Netherlands), H. Hamburger (USA), F. Makedon (USA), H. Maurer (Austria), G. McCalla (Canada), R. Mizguchi (Japan), A. Montgomery (Australia), D. Norrie (Canada), M. Mulhauser (Germany), G. Oberem (South Africa), Th. Ottmann (Germany), D. Paramskas (Canada), M. Petruk (Canada), C. Prescott (Thailand), B. Shneiderman (USA), I. Tomek (Canada), S. Wills (Australia), C. Unger (Germany), B. Woolf (USA), M. Yazdani (UK). We thank them all for the careful reading of their share of the numerous submissions and for adherence to the short deadlines.

Much appreciated are also the contributions of the steering committee consisting of H. Maurer (Austria), D. Norrie (Canada), F. Makedon (USA), and Th. Ottmann (Germany), and the advisory board whose members are D. Bitzer (USA), A. Bork (USA), W. Clark (Canada), G. Davies (UK), K. Friend (USA), H. Six (Germany), G. Kovacs (Hungary), W. Srisa-an (Thailand). Special thanks go to Dr. Hermann Maurer, the indefatigable spirit of the conference.

The conference would not be possible without a lot of invisible help behind the scenes. I wish to thank in particular A. Germani, M. Elammari, T. Morse, S. Nassar, P. Proszynski, and my wife Jana.

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Wolfville, April 1992

Ivan Tomek

Contents

Why Hypermedia Systems Are Important. 1 H. Maurer 1
Project CALC: Calculus as a Laboratory Course
The Structures of Advanced Multimedia Learning Environments: Reconfiguring Space, Time, Story, and Text
Adjusting to the Paradigm Shift in Teaching and Learningor: What Do I Do Now?<
Engagement and Construction: Educational Strategies for the Post-TV Era 39 B. Shneiderman
Building Knowledge-Based Tutors
Learning Styles and Computer-Based Learning Environments
Text and Graphics in Instructional Design
Assessing Program Visualization Systems as Instructional Aids
At Last! A Computer Aid for the Teaching of Electronics Which Answers All the Nagging Questions About Capacitors
An Object-Oriented Approach to Produce Educational Hypermedia Software 111 Th. Beltran, A. Péninou
A Cognitive Model of Programming Knowledge for Procedural Languages 124 K. Bertels, P. Vanneste, C. De Backer
Programming by Experimentation and Example
An Experiment of Cooperative Learning with Hypercard
An ITS for Engineering Domains: Concept, Design and Application

Structuring the Subject Matter	•	174
MIDI Draw: Designing an Impressionistic Medium for Young Musicians, Artists, and Writers W.J. Egnatoff		187
Standardized Architecture for Integrated Open Courseware	•	198
Formal Techniques in Higher Education : A Proposal	•	212
QUIZ: A Distributed Intelligent Tutoring System		225
Intelligent Tutorial System in Medicine Through an Interactive Testing Program: HyperMIR	•	238
DCE: A Knowledge-Based Tutoring and Advisory System: Tutoring Strategies and Architecture		247
Discourse Style and Situation Viewpoint for a Conversational Language Tutor R Hashim, H. Hamburger	•	258
Open Structured CAI System for Kanji Learning		271
The Sum of the Parts Is Greater than the Whole in Online Graduate Education L.A. Hesser, R.P. Hogan, A.P. Mizell		283
Development of GeoBlock: A Micro-World for Learning and Teaching Geometry		294
SODA: A Computer Aided Design Environment for the Doing and Learning of Software Design		307
A Graphical CAL Author Language		320
A Knowledge Base Approach to Learning to Program in Prolog D.M. Kaminski	•	332
Self-Adjusting Curriculum Planning in Sherlock II	•	343

An Algorithm Animation Programming Environment
ABASE: A Hypermedia-Based Tutoring and Authoring System
A Tool for Developing Intelligent Tutoring Systems
Applying Computer Models of Phonological Competence to CALL
Vigilance in a Long-Term Cognitive Computing Task: The Effects of Subject Strategy and Screen Colour on Performance
Mastering the Machine: A Comparison of the Mouse and Touch Screen for Children's Use of Computers
An Authoring System for ITS Which Is Based on a Generic Level of Tutoring Strategies
The Uses of Multiple Student Inputs in Modeling and Lesson Planning in CAI and ICAI Programs
Project NESTOR: New Approaches to Cooperative Multimedia Authoring/Learning
Design and Implementation of Courseware for Teaching Programming Languages
OBJECTOR: Yet Another Authoring System
Design and Evaluation of the SUMIT Intelligent Tutoring Assistant for Arithmetic
Spelling Remediation for Dyslexic Children Using the Selfspell Programs 503 R.I. Nicolson, A.J. Fawcett
Using HyperCard to Create a Flexible Learning Package for Statistics: Costs, Benefits and Effectiveness

Educational Software Engineering: A Methodology Based on Cooperative Developments Th. Nodenot	•	529
Environmental CAL for Conversation Pattern Learning	-	542
Adaptive Navigational Tools for Educational Hypermedia	•	555
A Tool for Storing and Exploring Ideas	•	568
Dynamic CAL-Courseware Generation Within an ITS-Shell Architecture. J. Vassileva	•	581
CALLGUIDE: Using Programmable Hypertext as a Shell for CALL Programs . E. Wilson, I. Lindley, S. Pullen	•	592

Why Hypermedia Systems are Important^{*}

H. Maurer

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Abstract

In this paper we argue that the original vision of hypertext-pioneers in North America and Europe (yes, Europe also has had its hypertext visionaires!) that a non-linear widely distributed corpus of information accessible "everywhere by everyone" is still very much alive and becoming more and more a reality, even if some of the glamour has been stolen by stand-alone developments as started by Hypercard. We further contend that the advent of computer supported multi-media systems does provide not just acute alternative to present information but an enrichment of our sensory and communicative possibilities that will impact society in a major way. We finally conclude that the merging of large wide-spread hypertext systems with computer supported multimedia technology into powerful hypermedia systems will indeed provide a new kind of infrastructure for working, communicating, and thinking whose influence on how mankind will live, work, teach, and learn could be quite dazzling.

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