## **ORIGINAL ARTICLE**



## Developing a strategy based on weighted mean of vectors (INFO) optimizer for optimal power flow considering uncertainty of renewable energy generation

Mohamed Farhat<sup>1</sup> · Salah Kamel<sup>2</sup> · Ahmed M. Atallah<sup>1</sup> · Almoataz Y. Abdelaziz<sup>3</sup> · Marcos Tostado-Véliz<sup>4</sup>

Received: 16 August 2022 / Accepted: 20 February 2023 / Published online: 18 March 2023 © The Author(s), under exclusive licence to Springer-Verlag London Ltd., part of Springer Nature 2023

## Abstract

In recent years, more efforts have been exerted to increase the level of renewable energy sources (RESs) in the energy mix in many countries to mitigate the dangerous effects of greenhouse gases emissions. However, because of their stochastic nature, most RESs pose some operational and planning challenges to power systems. One of these challenges is the complexity of solving the optimal power flow (OPF) problem in existing RESs. This study proposes an OPF model that has three different sources of renewable energy: wind, solar, and combined solar and small-hydro sources in addition to the conventional thermal power. Three probability density functions (PDF), namely lognormal, Weibull, and Gumbel, are employed to determine available solar, wind, and small-hydro output powers, respectively. Many meta-heuristic optimization algorithms have been applied for solving OPF problem in the presence of RESs. In this work, a new meta-heuristic algorithm, weighted mean of vectors (INFO), is employed for solving the OPF problem in two adjusted standard IEEE power systems (30 and 57 buses). It is simulated by MATLAB software in different theoretical and practical cases to test its validity in solving the OPF problem of the adjusted power systems. The results of the applied simulation cases in this work show that INFO has better performance results in minimizing total generation cost and reducing convergence time among other algorithms.

Keywords Optimal power flow · Renewable energy sources · Uncertainty modeling · INFO algorithm

mtostado Mohame Mohame Salah Ka skamel@ Ahmed M atallah_e	l.farahat.hagag@gmail.com	List of symbols $C_{FF}$ $a_i, b_i$ , and $c_i$ $P_{TG,i}$ $N_{TG}$ $d_i$ and $e_i$ $P_{TG,i}^{min}$ $C_{wd}$ $P_{ws}$ $g_w$	The cost of fossil fuel <i>i</i> th TPG's cost coefficients <i>i</i> th TPG's output power Number of TPGs Valve-point loading coefficients <i>i</i> th TPG's minimum power The direct cost of wind power WPG's scheduled output power WPG's direct cost coefficient
<sup>1</sup> Electrica	almoataz.abdelaziz@fue.edu.eg Electrical Power and Machines Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, Ain Shams University, Cairo 11517, Egypt Department of Electrical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Aswan University, Aswan 81542, Egypt Faculty of Engineering and Technology, Future University in Egypt, Cairo 11835, Egypt	$C_{\rm sd}$ SPG's direct cost $P_{\rm ss}$ SPG's scheduled output power $h_s$ SPG's direct cost coefficient $C_{\rm shd}$ SHPG's direct cost $P_{\rm ssh,s}$ Scheduled output power from the SPG	
Engineer <sup>3</sup> Faculty c		$P_{\mathrm{ssh},s}$ $P_{\mathrm{ssh},h}$	in the combined SHPG Scheduled output power from the small-hydro unit in the combined SHPG
	Engineering Department, EPS, University of Jaen, nares, Spain	$m_h$	Direct cost coefficient from small-hy- dro unit