## A Survey on Distributed Graph Pattern Matching in Massive Graphs

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Besides its NP-completeness, the strict constraints of subgraph isomorphism are making it impractical for graph pattern matching (GPM) in the context of big data. As a result, relaxed GPM models have emerged as they yield interesting results in a polynomial time. However, massive graphs generated by mostly social networks require a distributed storing and processing of the data over multiple machines, thus, requiring GPM to be revised by adopting new paradigms of big graphs processing, e.g., Think-Like-A-Vertex and its derivatives. This article discusses and proposes a classification of distributed GPM approaches with a narrow focus on the relaxed models.

CCS Concepts: • Theory of computation  $\rightarrow$  Distributed algorithms; Graph algorithms analysis; • Computing methodologies  $\rightarrow$  Distributed algorithms;

Additional Key Words and Phrases: Graph pattern matching, distributed graphs, graph simulation, subgraph isomorphism

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## **1 INTRODUCTION**

With the rapid growth of the Internet, huge amounts of data are being generated with every passing minute. The challenges brought about by big data have led to the research community revising traditional techniques and algorithms that were designed for collecting, storing, analyzing, and

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